

Theory of Groups (MATH 6270)

HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENT 10

(April 9, 2008)

Read Sections 7.2 (pp. 199–202), 7.3 (pp. 203–204), and Handout 6.

Problems:

Section 7.2: Exercises 9, 10, 11, 12, 16

Section 7.3: Exercises 1,

Additional Problems 1, 2 (see below)

Turn in underlined problems

Due Date: April 16, 2008

Additional Problems:

1. Let $H \leq \text{Sym } X$ be a permutation group acting primitively on a finite set X , and let N, L be nontrivial normal subgroups of H such that $N \cap L = 1$. Prove that
 - (1) N and L are isomorphic centerless groups that act regularly on X , and the action of NL on X is similar to the following action of $N \times N$ on N :

$$N \times N \rightarrow \text{Sym } N, \quad (\lambda, \nu) \mapsto \rho_{\lambda, \nu}: x \mapsto \lambda^{-1}x\nu = x^\lambda(\lambda^{-1}\nu).$$

- (2) N and L are minimal normal subgroups of H , H has no other minimal normal subgroups, and NL acts primitively on X if and only if N is a nonabelian simple group.

Hint: (1) First prove that N acts regularly on X . To set up the similarity use the same bijection $\Phi: N \rightarrow X$ as in Lemma 3 on Handout 6.

(2) To prove the claim on primitivity, replace NL by the similar permutation group on N obtained via the similarity in part (1). (See the first paragraph of the proof of Theorem 5 (3) on Handout 6.)

2. Let $M = \text{PSL}(n+1, q)$ with its usual permutation action on the set X of points of the projective geometry $\mathcal{PG}(n, q)$. Prove the equality $N_{\text{Sym } X}(M) = \text{P}\Gamma\text{L}(n+1, q)$ for $n \geq 2$.

Hint: Show that every $\pi \in N_{\text{Sym } X}(M)$ preserves collinearity, and use the Fundamental Theorem of Projective Geometry (see Handout 5).