

\$TITLE: M4-1.GMS: Cournot and Bertrand with continuous strategies

\$ONTEXT

*begin with Cournot duopoly*

*single unified market, constant marginal costs*

*goods XH and XF are imperfect substitutes*

*inverse demand functions  $PH = ALPHA - BETA*XH - GAMMA*XF$      $BETA > GAMMA$*

*maximizing profits gives FOC (implicity reaction functions)*

*$PROFIT = PH*XH - CH*XH = (ALPHA - BETA*XH - GAMMA*XF)*XH - CH*XH$*

*first order condition:  $ALPHA - 2*BETA*XH - GAMMA*XF - CH = 0$*

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## PARAMETERS

ALPHA      intercept of demand curve  
BETA        slope of inverse demand curve wrt own quantity  
GAMMA       slope of inverse demand curve wrt rival's quantity  
CH           marginal cost of home firm  
CF           marginal cost of foreign firm  
WELHC0      welfare in country h before policy under Cournot  
WELHB0      welfare in country h before policy under Bertrand;

ALPHA = 12;  
BETA = 2;  
GAMMA = 1;  
CH = 2;  
CF = 2;

**NONNEGATIVE VARIABLES**

PH price of XH  
PF price of XF  
XH quantity of XH  
XF quantity of XF  
PROFH profit of firm h  
PROFF profit of firm f;

**EQUATIONS**

PRICEH inverse demand curve facing firm h  
PRICEF inverse demand curve facing firm f  
HCOURNOT cournot FOC for firm h (reaction function)  
FCOURNOT cournot FOC for firm f (reaction function)  
PROFITH profit of firm h  
PROFITF profit of firm f;

PRICEH.. PH =E= ALPHA - BETA\*XH - GAMMA\*XF;

PRICEF.. PF =E= ALPHA - BETA\*XF - GAMMA\*XH;

HCOURNOT.. CH =G= ALPHA - 2\*BETA\*XH - GAMMA\*XF;

FCOURNOT.. CF =G= ALPHA - 2\*BETA\*XF - GAMMA\*XH;

PROFITH.. PROFH =E= PH\*XH - CH\*XH;

```
PROFITF..    PROFF =E= PF*XF - CF*XF;

MODEL COURNOT /PRICEH.PH, PRICEF.PF, HCOURNOT.XH, FCOURNOT.XF,
           PROFITH.PROFH, PROFITF.PROFF/;

SOLVE COURNOT USING MCP;

WELHC0 = PROFH.L;
```

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*now assume Bertrand price competition  
requires you to invert the inverse demand functions  
 $XH = INTERB - SLOPEB1*PH + SLOPEB2*PF$*

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## **PARAMETERS**

```
INTERB    intercept of the (direct) demand function
SLOPEB1   slope of the demand function wrt own price
SLOPEB2   slope of the demand function wrt rival's price;

INTERB = (ALPHA*BETA - ALPHA*GAMMA) / (BETA**2 - GAMMA**2);
SLOPEB1 = BETA / (BETA**2 - GAMMA**2);
SLOPEB2 = GAMMA / (BETA**2 - GAMMA**2);
```

**EQUATIONS**

```
XBERTH      demand for XH
XBERTF      demand for XF
HBERTRAND   bertrand FOC for PH
FBERTRAND   bertrand FOC for PF;

XBERTH..     XH =E= INTERB - SLOPEB1*PH + SLOPEB2*PF;
XBERTF..     XF =E= INTERB - SLOPEB1*PF + SLOPEB2*PH;
HBERTRAND.. -SLOPEB1*CH =E= INTERB - 2*SLOPEB1*PH + SLOPEB2*PF;
FBERTRAND.. -SLOPEB1*CF =E= INTERB - 2*SLOPEB1*PF + SLOPEB2*PH;

MODEL BERTRAND /XBERTH.XH, XBERTF.XF, HBERTRAND.PH, FBERTRAND.PF,
               PROFITH.PROFH, PROFITF.PROFF/;

SOLVE BERTRAND USING MCP;

WELHB0 = PROFH.L;
```

\*now analyze a production subsidy by h (strategic trade policy)

**PARAMETER**

```
S subsidy on H's output  
WELFAREHC country h's welfare under Cournot  
WELFAREHB country h's welfare under Bertrand;
```

```
S = 0.4;  
CH = CH - S;
```

```
SOLVE COURNOT USING MCP;  
WELFAREHC = PROFH.L - S*XH.L;  
DISPLAY WELHC0, WELFAREHC;
```

```
SOLVE BERTRAND USING MCP;  
WELFAREHB = PROFH.L - S*XH.L;  
DISPLAY WELHC0, WELFAREHC, WELHB0, WELFAREHB;
```

\$ONTEXT

now let's use nlp to find the OPTIMAL subsidies under Cournot and Bertrand keep in mind that the optimal subsidy may be NEGATIVE, meaning a tax let's play the goofy Brander-Spencer gams that all output is sold to a third country. Then welfare = profits minus subsidy payments or plus tax payments. PROFF will give the welfare of country f

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```
CH = 2;  
S = 0;
```

## VARIABLES

WELFJ	joint welfare
SUBH	subsidy on XH is now a (free) variable: it can be negative
WELHS	welfare of country h: objective to maximize
SUBF	subsidy on XF is now a (free) variable: it can be negative
WELFS	welfare of country F: objective to maximize;

## EQUATIONS

WELJ	joint welfare - Cobb-Douglas
WELH	welfare of country h is WELH = PROFH - SUBH*XH
PROFITHS	new equation for profits of firm h - replaces PROFITH
WELF	welfare of country f is WELF = PROFF - SUBF*XF
PROFITFS	new equation for profits of firm f - replaces PROFITF
HCOURNOTS	new Cournot reaction function firm h - replaces HCOURNOT
HBERTRANDS	new Bertrand reaction function firm h - replaces HBERTRAND
FCOURNOTS	new Cournot reaction function firm f - replaces FCOURNOT
fBERTRANDS	new Bertrand reaction function firm f - replaces fBERTRAND;
WELJ..	WELFJ =E= WELHS**0.5*WELFS**0.5;
WELH..	WELHS =E= PROFH - SUBH*XH;
PROFITHS..	PROFH =E= PH*XH - (CH - SUBH)*XH;

```
HCOURNOTS.. (CH - SUBH) =E= ALPHA - 2*BETA*XH - GAMMA*XF;  
  
HBERTRANDS.. -SLOPEB1*(CH-SUBH) =E= INTERB - 2*SLOPEB1*PH + SLOPEB2*PF;  
  
WELF.. WELFS =E= PROFF - SUBF*XF;  
  
PROFITFS.. PROFF =E= PF*XF - (CF - SUBF)*XF;  
  
FCOURNOTS.. (CF - SUBF) =E= ALPHA - 2*BETA*XF - GAMMA*XH;  
  
FBERTRANDS.. -SLOPEB1*(CF-SUBF) =E= INTERB - 2*SLOPEB1*PF + SLOPEB2*PH;  
  
SUBH.L = 0.4;  
WELHS.L = 8;
```

\* first, a unilateral action by the government of country h

```
SUBF.FX = 0;
```

```
MODEL COURNOTS /WELH, HCOURNOTS, FCOURNOT, PRICEH, PRICEF,  
        PROFITHS, PROFITF/;
```

```
SOLVE COURNOTS USING NLP MAXIMIZING WELHS;
```

```
MODEL BERTRANDS /WELH, HBERTRANDS, FBERTRAND, XBERTH, XBERTF,  
PROFITHS, PROFITF/;
```

```
SOLVE BERTRANDS USING NLP MAXIMIZING WELHS;
```

```
SUBF.UP = +INF;
```

```
SUBF.LO = -INF;
```

\* compute cooperative and non-cooperative outcomes between governments

```
SETS I /I1*I10/  
J /COOP, NONCOOP/;
```

#### **PARAMETER**

```
RESULTSC(*, J);
```

\* compute a cooperative Nash eq between the governments

```
MODEL WELFJOINT /WELJ, WELH, WELF, HCOURNOTS, FCOURNOTS, PRICEH, PRICEF,  
PROFITHS, PROFITFS/;
```

```
SOLVE WELFJOINT USING NLP MAXIMIZING WELFJ;
```

```
RESULTSC("WELJ", "COOP") = WELFJ.L;
```

```
RESULTSC("WELH", "COOP") = WELHS.L;
```

```
RESULTSC("WELF", "COOP") = WELFS.L;
```

```
RESULTSC( "PROFITH" , "COOP" ) = PROFH.L;  
RESULTSC( "PROFITF" , "COOP" ) = PROFF.L;  
RESULTSC( "SUBH" , "COOP" ) = SUBH.L;  
RESULTSC( "SUBF" , "COOP" ) = SUBF.L;
```

```
DISPLAY RESULTSC;
```

```
* compute a non-cooperative outcome in subsidy rates  
* iterative procedure:  
* max WELHS subject to SUBF fixed  
* hold SUBH at it's solution level and free up SUBF  
* max WELFS solve model for fixed SUBH  
* repeat 10 time
```

```
SUBH.L = 0;  
SUBF.L = 0;
```

```
LOOP( I,
```

```
  SUBH.LO = -INF;  
  SUBH.UP = +INF;  
  SUBF.FX = SUBF.L;
```

```
SOLVE WELFJOINT USING NLP MAXIMIZING WELHS;
```

```
SUBF.LO = -INF;  
SUBF.UP = +INF;  
SUBH.FX = SUBH.L;
```

```
SOLVE WELFJOINT USING NLP MAXIMIZING WELFS;
```

```
) ;
```

```
RESULTSC( "WELJ" , "NONCOOP" ) = WELFJ.L;  
RESULTSC( "WELH" , "NONCOOP" ) = WELHS.L;  
RESULTSC( "WELF" , "NONCOOP" ) = WELFS.L;  
RESULTSC( "PROFITH" , "NONCOOP" ) = PROFH.L;  
RESULTSC( "PROFITF" , "NONCOOP" ) = PROFF.L;  
RESULTSC( "SUBH" , "NONCOOP" ) = SUBH.L;  
RESULTSC( "SUBF" , "NONCOOP" ) = SUBF.L;
```

```
DISPLAY RESULTSC;
```